Tutorial: Biped Character in 3D Studio Max 7, Easy Animation



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1. Introduction:

This tutorial will show how to animate an already created 3D humanoid figure in 3D Studio Max 7 using its biped character feature. The tutorial will only show how to set up your character and how to create animations easily. How to create humanoid figures in 3D and how to do more advanced animations won't be covered.

All actions that must be taken are explained in simple steps and with graphical information. You don't need to be an expert in 3D to follow the instructions given.

2. Basic control in 3D Studio Max

2.1. Navigating a scene:

- 1. Click the Zoom button in the navigation controls at the lower-right corner of the screen to zoom in and out in your scène. After clicking the zoom button hold down the left mouse button and drag the mouse up to zoom in and down to zoom out.
- 2. Click Arc Rotate in the navigation controls at the lower-right corner of the screen. A yellow navigation orb appears in the active viewport. Move the cursor *inside* the yellow circle. Press the left mouse button and move the mouse. The viewport arc rotates, changing the perspective view.
- Click Pan in the viewport navigation controls and move the mouse in the viewport. The viewport pans with your movement. You can also start a pan operation by holding down the middle mouse button or wheel as you pan. To return the viewport to its original orientation, press SHIFT+Z repeatedly to undo the viewport changes all the way back to the beginning.

2.2.

Hide and Unhide objects:

- 2.2.1. Hide object:

 - 2. Select the object in the viewport you want to hide. The selected object is highlighted with white lines.
 - 3. Select multiple objects by making a square with the select object tool. All objects within the square will be selected.



- 4. Or select objects using the Select by Name button. After clicking this button a list with all visible objects in your scene will be listed. Choose all objects you want to select en click the Select button.
- 5. Select the Display tab.
- 6. Hide Selected In the Hide section click the Hide Selected button. All the selected objects will be hidden.
- 2.2.2. Unhide object:
 - 1. Unhide All In the Hide panel click the Unhide All button. All hidden objects will be visible.
 - 2. Unhide by Name... Or click the Unhide by Name... button to select the objects you want to unhide.

2.2.3. Saving 3D Studio Max Scenes:

1. Click on the Save button in the File tab to save your scene.



3. Import a mesh figure to animate

3.1. <u>Requirement for mesh figure:</u>

You can get the figure you want to animate from several places on the internet or exported from other 3D programs or you can create one yourself. But before you import your mesh figure into the scene you have to make sure the parts that are to be animated aren't close to each other. Else 3D Studio Max won't be able to make a good differences from i.e. a hand and a thigh. This will result in errors in the animation.



3.2. Import mesh figure:

1. Click on the Import... button in the File tab to import your mesh figure.



2. 3D models exist in different formats. 3D Studio Max supports some of these formats. Before you choose the mesh figure to import, choose the format in which the mesh figure is written by selecting the right format in the File of type: list.

Files of type:	3D Studio Mesh (*.3DS,*.PRJ)	-

3. Search for the 3D model you want to import and click Open to import your file.

3.3. Position 3D objects:

- 1. With the Select and Move button you can select your imported 3D figure and move the figure to a particular place in your scene.
- 2. After you selected your 3D figure you can see 3 arrows pointing in the x, y and z directions. You can drag each of these arrows to move the 3D object in its direction.



3. You can also move an object in 2 direction at once by selecting and moving the square that connects 2 arrows.



4. Position the lowest part of the imported mesh figure to the center of the scene using the Top, Left and Front view.



4. Creating biped character

- 4.1. Initialize Biped Character:
 - 1. In the Create tab click on the Systems button.



- 2. Biped In the Object Type section click on the Biped button.
- 3. **Create Biped** Unfold the Create Biped section.

4. In the Body Type section you can choose which structure values the biped character must have.

Body Type					
Skelet	ton	•			
(m)	Arm	s 🖌			
	🔹 Neck Links: 📔	1 📫			
	– Spine Links: 🖡	4 🜲			
	Leg Links: 🖡	3 🜲			
	Tail Links: 🖡	0 🛊			
F	Ponytail1 Links: 🛙	0 🛊			
F	Ponytail2 Links: 🛽	0 🛊			
	Fingers: 🖡	1 📫			
	Finger Links: 📔	1 📫			
	Toes: 🛙	1 📫			
	Toe Links: 🛙	3 💲			
Prop	s:1 □ 2 □ :	3 🗖			
Ankl	e Attach: 0,2	÷			
	Height: 80,0	‡			
	Triangle Pelvi	s 🔽			
	Forearm Twis	t 🗖			
	Forearm Links: 📘	2 🛊			

4.2. Creation Method:

In 3D Studio Max you can create a biped character in 2 ways:



- Drag Height
- O Drag Position

4.2.1. Drag position:

- 1. From the Create Biped tab select Drag Position in the Creation Method section.
- 2. Move your mouse to the 3D scene.
- 3. Click and hold the left mouse button and drag the mouse to the position you want to create the biped character. Then release the left mouse button.

4.2.2. Drag height:

- 1. From the Create Biped tab select Drag Height in the Creation Method section.
- 2. Move the mouse in the scene to the position you want to create the biped character.

3. Hold the left mouse button and drag the mouse upwards to specify the height of the biped character. Release the left mouse button when you have the height you aimed for.

4.3. Adjust Biped Character Structure Values:

Just after creating the biped character with the drag position/height method you can adjust the values in the Body Type section to your likings. After selecting or creating other objects this isn't possible anymore. To adjust the biped character at any given moment this must be done in another tab.

- 1. Select the biped character with the Select Object or Select by Name tool.
- 2. \mathbf{K} Click on the Motion tab.
- 3. [+ Biped Unfold the Biped section.
- 4. 📩 Click the Figure Mode button.
- 5. **Structure** Unfold the Structure section.
- 6. Adjust the biped character structure values.
- 7. After adjusting the biped character structure values press the Figure Mode button again to get out of Figure mode.

4.4. Where to position the biped character:

After you have the height of the biped character set, place the biped character in the same position of the imported mesh figure. Make sure the hip of the mesh figure and biped character are in the same position.



5. Adjust biped character to mesh figure

To make the biped character ready to link to the mesh figure the biped character must be adjusted so it fits the form of the mesh figure.

- 1. A Set the biped character in figure mode (see section 4.3. Adjust Biped Character Structure Values).
- 2. manipulate the limbs of the biped character so it fits the imported mesh figure.



3. After adjusting the biped character structure values press the Figure Mode button again to get out of Figure mode.

5.1. Manipulate objects:

There are 3 basic ways to manipulate the biped character limbs.

- 5.1.1. Select and Move:
 - 1. Click the Select and Move button.
 - 2. Select a limb and move it to the position you want. Some limbs aren't movable, i.e. the hip, because you are in figure mode.

5.1.2. Select and Rotate:

- 1. Click the Select and Rotate button.
- 2. Select a limb. 3 colored circles will appear. Each circle represents the axis in which the limb should rotate. Drag one of the circle to rotate around an axis.

3. If you position the mouse in the middle of the circle, the circle will be highlighted gray. By dragging the mouse when the circle is highlighted gray you are able to rotate the limbs in every direction.



Attention: Some limbs aren't able to rotate around one or more axis.

- 5.1.3. Select and Uniform Scale:
 - 1. Click the Select and Uniform Scale button.
 - 2. Select a limb. 3 colored lines pointing each in different direction. At the end of each line there is a small square attached.
 - 3. By dragging the small square in to direction it is pointing to, you can change the scale in that direction.
 - 4. Each pair of lines are connected by 2 lines. The space between these 2 lines will be highlighted yellow when the mouse is over it. By clicking the left mouse button and dragging within this space the scale of the limb can be changed in 2 directions.



5. The 3 lines are connected by a triangle in the centre. This triangle will be highlighted yellow when the mouse is over it. By clicking the left mouse button and dragging within this space the scale of the limb can be changed in all directions.

5.2. <u>Save Figure File:</u>

In 3D Studio Max you can save the way you have adjusted your biped character in Figure Mode. To save these settings do the following:

- 1. Go to the biped section in the Motion tab (see section 5. Adjust Biped Character Structure Values).
- 2. In the Biped section click on the Save File button to save the Figure File.

6. Link mesh figure to biped character

Now that your biped character fits your mesh figure you can link them to each other.

- 1. Select the mesh figure.
- 2. Select the modify tab.
- 3. Out of the Modifier List choose Physique.



- 4. **Hysique** Unfold the Physique section
- 5. Click the Attach to Node button.
- 6. **Pick** With the Select by Name tool select the root of the biped character and click the Pick button. The root is usually called Bip01 when there is only one biped character.
- 7. Initialize The Physique Initialization menu will appear. Click on the Initialize button to attach the mesh figure to the biped character.

6.1.

Adjust mesh figure to biped character:

Now you are able to animate your mesh figure by manipulating the biped character. But often you'll see some errors when you move or rotate the biped character. This means you need to make adjustments in the physique of the mesh figure.



deformation error

Envelopes are Physique's primary tool to control skin deformation. Envelopes define an area of influence about a single link in the hierarchy and can be set to overlap adjacent links. Vertices that fall in the overlap area of the envelopes are weighted to produce smooth blending at joint intersections.

1. From the modifier list unfold the Physique menu and select Envelope.



2. With the Select Object tool select the part where you find deformation errors.



select envelope

3. Adjust values in the Envelope Parameters to fix deformation errors. You can best change the Radial Scale, Parent Overlap and Child Overlap values because these influence the most.

Inner	Outer	Both			
Radial Scale: 1,0 🔹					
Parent 0	verlap: [0,1 🗘			
Child O	verlap: [(0,1 🗘			

Change envelope values at any place you find deformation errors. Now your character is ready to be animated.

6.2. Save Physique File:

In 3D Studio Max you can save the adjustments that were made in the Physique of the mesh figure.

- 1. Physique From the modifier list select Physique.
- 2. In the Physique section click on the Save File button to save the Physique File.

7. Animation

Now everything is set for animating the mesh figure. You can pose your figure in any way by manipulating the limbs of the biped character. The basic manipulations have already been discussed in section 5.1. Manipulate objects. The tools you can use to manipulate are Select and Move and Select and Rotate. The Select an Uniform Scale tool can't be used.

7.1. <u>Time-line/Time Slider:</u>

In the lower part of the application you can find the time-line with the time slider. As a default the time-line has a length of 100 frames. With the time slider you can walk through the time-line.



7.2. <u>Time Configuration:</u>

With the time configuration menu you can change the properties of animation playback and length of the animation.

Click in the lower right part of the application on the Time Configuration button to open its menu.

7.2.1. Frame Rate:

The frame rate says how many frames will be played per second. With the Custom option you can set your own frame rate.

Frame Rate						
	r c	Film				
- MI3		ГШП				
🔿 PAL	0	Custom				
FPS: 30 🗲						

7.2.2. Animation:

- Animation	
Start Time: 🛛 🌻	Length: 100 💲
End Time: 100 🜻	Frame Count: 101
Re-scale Time	Current Time: 20

- 1. Start Time sets the frame the time-line begins.
- 2. End Time sets the frame the time-line ends.
- 3. Length sets the length of the time-line in frames.
- 4. Frame Count sets the amount of frames in the time-line.
- 5. Current Time sets the place of the time slider in the time-line.

7.3. <u>Keys:</u>

A key will record the pose of an object. To animate a biped character you need to key the frame you want your animation to start with. When you move the time slider further to another frame and i.e. move the position of the biped character and key this frame the frames between these 2 key frames will be interpolated.

In this particular example the last key you made will only record the new position of the biped character. If you move the arm of the biped character in a further key frame the animation of the arm will be interpolated from the first key to the third key skipping the second one. To prevent this you need to select each part of the biped character every time you create a key.

- 7.3.1. Create keys:
 - 1. Move the time slider to the frame you want to key.
 - 2. Pose your biped character the way you want.
 - 3. Select the limbs that are manipulated or select all limbs of the biped character.
 - 4. Right click the time slider.
 - 5. In the Create Key menu that appears click OK to create the key. In the time-line you'll see the created key.



7.3.2. Auto Key Mode:

Auto Key Mode will set a key in every frame you manipulate the biped character. This way you don't need to bother too much in creating keys all the time.

To enter animation mode you need to turn on the Auto Key mode. Click the Auto Key Mode button to enter animation mode. After clicking the Auto Key Mode toggle the time slider area will turn red.



auto key mode

- 7.3.3. Delete Keys:
 - 1. With your mouse select the keys in the time-line you want to remove.

Τ	Τ	Τ	Ţ	11 2	[[]_	ļ	Τ	Τ	Ι
select key									

2. Press the delete button on your keyboard to remove the keys.

Poses:

In 3D Studio Max you can record poses of a biped character. This can be handy if you want to use a particular pose more then one time.

7.4.1. Record Poses:

- 1. Select a part of the biped character.
- 2. Click the Motion tab.
- 3. [+ Copy/Paste] Unfold the Cope/Paste section.
- 4. Posture Pose Track Click the Pose Button.
- 5. Click on the Copy Pose button to record the pose. You'll see an image of the biped character in its particular pose and the pose is given a name. You can record as many poses as you like.



- 7.4.2. Paste Pose:
 - 1. Go to the frame you want to paste a recorded pose.
 - 2. Select a part of the biped character.
 - 3. Click the Motion tab.
 - 4. Unfold the Cope/Paste section.
 - 5. Click the Pose Button.
 - 6. Select a pose out of the Copied Poses list.
 - 7. Click on the Paste Pose button to set your biped character in the previous recorded pose.

7.4.3. Save Copied Poses:

3D Studio Max lets you save copied poses in a different file so you can use these poses in other scenes and on other biped characters.

- 1. Unfold the Cope/Paste section.
- 2. Elick on the Save File button to save the Copied Poses.

7.5. Mini Curve Editor:

The mini curve editor will give you greater control over the keys you've created for each object in your scene. i.e. for each limb of your biped character.

Open the Mini Curve Editor by clicking the Mini Curve Editor button in the lower left side of the application and Close it again with the Close button.

7.6. <u>Playback Animation:</u>

With the buttons in the lower right corner of the application you can control the playback of the animation.

When clicked on the play button the play button will change in a pause button and the animation will start playing from current the position of the time slider till the last frame of the time-line. After it reached the last frame of the time-line it will loop back to the first frame of the time-line. The animation will keep playing until you click on the pause button.

This button will move the time slider to the next frame.

This button will move the time slider to the previous frame.

I This button will move the time slider to the first frame in the time-line.

▶ This button will move the time slider to the last frame in the time-line.

7.7. Save Biped Character Animation:

In 3D Studio Max you can save the animation you created for your biped character so you may apply it to other biped characters. i.e. You have created a running motion with your biped character and you want to apply it on another biped character so it will run in the same exact manner.

1. Select a part of the biped character.

2. Click the Motion tab.

- 3. Unfold the Biped section.
- 4. 🖬 Click on the Save File button to save the BIP File.